



سری سوال : یک ۱

زمان آزمون (دقیقه) : تستی : ۹۰ تشریحی : ۰

تعداد سوالات : تستی : ۳۰ تشریحی : ۰

عنوان درس : متون حقوقی به زبان خارجی

رشته تحصیلی / کد درس : حقوق بین الملل ۱۲۳۰۸۵

1-On the international plane there is neither an international legislature passing , nor is there an international court to which all members of the international community are required to submit.

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| 1. international behavior | 2. the principal of international law |
| 3. international legislation | 4. custom and usage |

2-Sources of international law have traditionally been characterised as.....

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| 1. Only formal | 2. Only material |
| 3. Formal or Material | 4. Formal but Material |

3-In the absence of a treaty provision which one is to be applied?

1. A judicial decision which is in writing
2. Two principal of international law
3. A custom which is accepted as a legally binding
4. The article 38 of the UN charter

4-..... in international law is a practice followed by those concerned because they feel legally obliged to behave in such a way.

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| 1. Judicial decision | 2. A mere usage |
| 3. A legal obligation or a friendship feeling | 4. Custom |

5-Through which one , a rule of customary international law derives its law hallmark?

1. Through the posseion of two elements : a material and a psychological element
2. Through the posseion of a material element
3. Through the posseion of psychological element
4. Through the last decision of international court of justice

6-Will the length of time required to establish a rule of customary international law depend upon?

1. It will depend upon other factors pertinent to the alleged rule
2. The legal obligations and treaty created
3. The principles of material sources
4. Formal obligations and behavior

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7-Which are amongst the indicators of State practice?

1. Treaties, Diplomatic correspondence and every books in international law
2. Treaties, Diplomatic correspondence and important matters in international law
3. Treaties and Diplomatic correspondence
4. Treaties, Diplomatic relations and statements by leaders only in international fora

8-A practice which is generally followed but which States feel they are free to disregard at any time

.....

1. cannot be characterised as law
2. can be characterised as law
3. can be characterised as law if peoples like
4. can be characterised as costum law but as diplomatic

9-What custom demands to be recognised as customary international law?

1. The presence of material element only
2. The only presence of the psychological elements
3. The presence of two elements , the material and the psychological
4. The presence of custom elements like material international practice

10-If a treaty and a customary rule exist simultaneously on the issue in dispute , then which one takes precedence?

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| 1. The customary provisions | 2. The principles of international law |
| 3. The behavior of the States not in dispute | 4. The treaty provisions |

11-A treaty will not prevail over prior customary law if?

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| 1. The latter is jus cogens | 2. customary law most exist |
| 3. Treaty is bilateral | 4. Treaty is multilateral |

12-Whether a particular general principle is eligible for absorption by international law will depends upon.....?

1. The time that was passed
2. The nature of the principles
3. The nature of development of international law
4. The development of international law at the time in question

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13- Wath is the international court of justice to do?

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| 1. Only to apply the law and not to make law | 2. To apply and to make law |
| 3. To make law and then apply it | 4. Only to apply the law and not to make law |

14- If parties wish law , other than international law or in addition to international law , to be employed by an arbitration tribunal the intention must be stipulated in the ?

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| 1. Customary international law | 2. Material sources |
| 3. Compromis | 4. Trail Smelter Arbitration |

15- A national court decision may also serve as of a States position on a particular issue.

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| 1. Psychological element | 2. evidence |
| 3. Behavior of other States | 4. national commity and response |

16- International law is still a relatively and its boundaries are constantly being extended.

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| 1. old system | 2. mature developed |
| 3. young system | 4. older than perfect community |

17- Which one is the generic term used to describe non - legally binding international instruments?

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| 1. Hard law | 2. Soft law |
| 3. International law | 4. Customary law |

18- All codification has , accordingly , since 1946 effectd via

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| 1. International Law Services | 2. International Law Agency |
| 3. International Law Control | 4. International Law Commission |

19- Which one is the label for what is essentially the " public policy " of the international legal system?

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|---------------------|-------------------|
| 1. Jus cogens | 2. Custom |
| 3. Material sources | 4. United Nations |

20- Which one is correct?

1. A State without a territory is possible
2. Territory is not very important for a State but possible
3. A State with a territory is not possible
4. A State without a territory is not possible

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21- Which one is an important and necessary condition of occupation?

1. The actual and the nominal taking of possession
2. The nominal taking of possession
3. The actual, and not the nominal taking of possession
4. The taking of nominal possession

22- Prescription involves a exercise of sovereignty.

1. de facto
2. de jure
3. base important
4. territory

23- No territorial acquisition resulting from the shall be recognised as legal.

1. threatening of not novy force
2. mere use of forcing
3. threat or use of force
4. threating and using

24- If the river is navigable the boundary will follow

1. the cession. namely the surface of the chanel
2. the thalweg. namely the center of the country
3. the territorial center of the navigable sea and ocean
4. the thalweg. namely the center of the navigable chanel

25- Every State enjoys over the airspace above its territory.

1. no rights
2. exclusive sovereignty
3. little sovereignty
4. a relatively sovereignty

26- The '.....' Agreement refers only to transit rights.

1. Two Freedoms
2. Seven Freedoms
3. Five Freedoms
4. Ten Freedoms

27- The international community will not accept to innocent air passengers.

1. death but injury
2. death penalty such injury
3. death and injured party
4. death and injury

28- What is prohibited under the provision of Art. 3 bis of the 1944 Convention?

1. The very eating in civil aircraft in flight
2. The use of weapons against civil aircraft in flight
3. The use of nuclear weapons only against civil aircraft in flight
4. The use of weapons against civil law in flight



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29- Exploration and use of outer space including the Moon and other celestial bodies , shall be carried out for the of all countries.

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|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. benefit and in the interests | 2. sovereignty |
| 3. beneficial interest measure | 4. sake and concert |

30- Which has been an important by-product of space exploration?

1. The development of international law
2. The confused of telecommunications networks
3. The international rights of telecommunications
4. The development of telecommunications networks