



بارم هر سوال ۲/۸۰ می باشد.

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$$\sigma_x = -60 \text{ MPa} \quad \sigma_y = -40 \text{ MPa} \quad \tau_{xy} = 35 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{ave} = \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2} = -50 \text{ MPa}$$

Points

$$X: (\sigma_x, -\tau_{xy}) = (-60 \text{ MPa}, -35 \text{ MPa})$$

$$Y: (\sigma_y, \tau_{xy}) = (-40 \text{ MPa}, 35 \text{ MPa})$$

$$C: (\sigma_{ave}, 0) = (-50 \text{ MPa}, 0)$$

$$\tan \beta = \frac{Gx}{CG} = \frac{35}{10} = 3.500$$

$$\beta = 74.05^\circ$$

$$\theta_B = -\frac{1}{2}\beta = -37.03^\circ$$

$$\alpha = 180^\circ - \beta = 105.95^\circ$$

$$\theta_A = \frac{1}{2}\alpha = 52.97^\circ$$

$$R = \sqrt{CG^2 + Gx^2} = \sqrt{10^2 + 35^2} = 36.4 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{min} = \sigma_{ave} - R = -50 - 36.4 = -86.4 \text{ MPa}$$

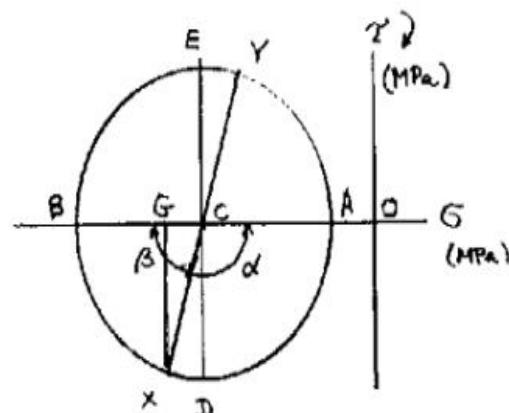
$$\sigma_{max} = \sigma_{ave} + R = -50 + 36.4 = -13.6 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\theta_D = \theta_B + 45^\circ = 7.97^\circ$$

$$\theta_E = \theta_A + 45^\circ = 97.97^\circ$$

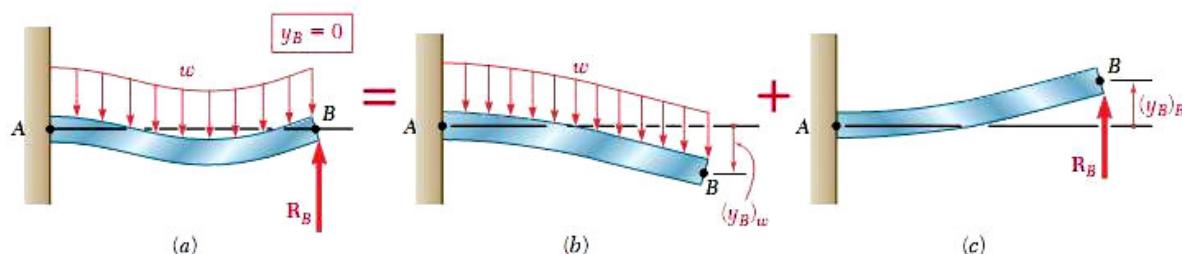
$$\tau_{max} = R = 36.4 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma' = \sigma_{ave} = -50 \text{ MPa}$$



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$$(y_B)_w = -\frac{wL^4}{8EI} \quad (y_B)_R = +\frac{R_B L^3}{3EI}$$



$$y_B = (y_B)_w + (y_B)_R = 0 \quad + \uparrow \sum F_y = 0: \quad R_A + R_B - wL = 0 \quad (9.52)$$

$$y_B = -\frac{wL^4}{8EI} + \frac{R_B L^3}{3EI} = 0 \quad R_A = wL - R_B = wL - \frac{3}{8}wL = \frac{5}{8}wL$$

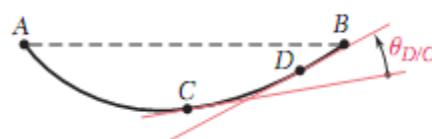
$$R_B = \frac{3}{8}wL \quad R_B = \frac{3}{8}wL \uparrow \quad R_A = \frac{5}{8}wL \uparrow$$

$$+ \uparrow \sum M_A = 0: \quad M_A + R_B L - (wL)(\frac{1}{2}L) = 0 \quad (9.53)$$

$$M_A = \frac{1}{2}wL^2 - R_B L = \frac{1}{2}wL^2 - \frac{3}{8}wL^2 = \frac{1}{8}wL^2$$

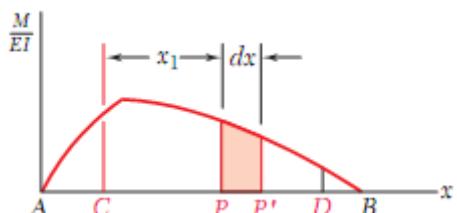
$$M_A = \frac{1}{8}wL^2 \uparrow$$

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$$\theta_D - \theta_C = \int_{x_C}^{x_D} \frac{M}{EI} dx$$

$$t_{C/D} = \int_{x_C}^{x_D} x_1 \frac{M}{EI} dx$$





$$A = 4(2) = 8.00 \text{ in}^2$$

$$I_x = \frac{1}{12}(2)(4^3) = 10.667 \text{ in}^4$$

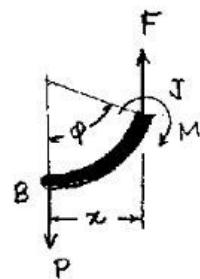
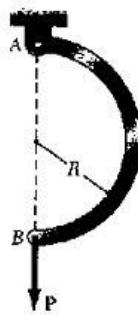
$$I_y = \frac{1}{12}(4)(2^3) = 2.6667 \text{ in}^4 (\text{Controls !})$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_{\text{cr}} &= \frac{\pi^2 EI}{(KL)^2} \\ &= \frac{\pi^2(1.6)(10^3)(2.6667)}{[1(10)(12)]^2} \\ &= 2.924 \text{ kip} = 2.92 \text{ kip} \end{aligned}$$

Ans.

Critical Stress: Euler's formula is only valid if $\sigma_{\text{cr}} < \sigma_\gamma$.

$$\sigma_{\text{cr}} = \frac{P_{\text{cr}}}{A} = \frac{2.924}{8.00} = 0.3655 \text{ ksi} < \sigma_\gamma = 5 \text{ ksi} \quad \text{O.K.}$$



Use polar coordinate φ .

Calculate the bending moment $M(\varphi)$ using free body BJ.

$$\rightarrow \sum M_y = 0 : Px - M = 0$$

$$M = Px = PR \sin \varphi$$

Strain energy: $U = \int \frac{M^2}{2EI} ds$

$$U = \int_0^\pi \frac{(PR \sin \varphi)^2}{2EI} (R d\varphi) = \frac{P^2 R^3}{2EI} \int_0^\pi \sin^2 \varphi d\varphi$$

$$= \frac{P^2 R^3}{2EI} \int_0^\pi \frac{1 - \cos 2\varphi}{2} d\varphi$$

$$= \frac{P^2 R^3}{2EI} \left(\frac{1}{2} \varphi \Big|_0^\pi - \frac{1}{4} \sin 2\varphi \Big|_0^\pi \right) = \frac{\pi P^2 R^3}{4EI}$$

By Castiglione's theorem,

$$\sigma = \frac{\partial U}{\partial P} = \frac{\pi P R^3}{2EI} \downarrow$$