



زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۶۵ تشریحی: --

تعداد سوالات: تستی: ۳۰ تشریحی: --

نام درس: آواشناسی انگلیسی

رشته تحصیلی / کُد درس: مترجمی زبان انگلیسی (۱۲۱۲۰۷۵) زبان و ادبیات انگلیسی (۱۲۱۲۱۲۴)

مجاز است.

استفاده از:

- 1- What refers to a variety of a language which is different from others in pronunciation, vocabulary, grammar and word order?
  - a- Accent
  - b- Dialect
  - c- Estuary English
  - d- BBC pronunciation
- 2- What are different parts of the vocal tract called?
  - a- pharynx
  - b- vocal folds
  - c- articulators
  - d- vocal cords
- 3- On which basis are vowels described?
  - a- tongue position, tongue height, lip rounding
  - b- tongue position, tongue height, voicing
  - c- tongue position, manner, place of articulation
  - d- tongue height, manner, place of articulation
- 4- What are sounds which consist of a movement or glide from one vowel to another within a single syllable called?
  - a- long vowels
  - b- pure vowels
  - c- semivowels
  - d- diphthongs
- 5- What is the main structure of larynx made of?
  - a- cartilage
  - b- cricoids
  - c- arytenoids
  - d- epiglottis
- 6- Which sounds are aspirated at the beginning of a word or a syllable?
  - a- voiced plosives
  - b- voiceless plosives
  - c- voiced fricatives
  - d- voiceless fricatives
- 7- What are the abstract sets of units as the basis of our speech called?
  - a- allophones
  - b- diacritics
  - c- phonemes
  - d- phonetics
- 8- Which title refers to the use of IPA for showing the sounds of a language irrespective of their contextual variation?
  - a- Narrow transcription
  - b- Phonemic transcription
  - c- Phonetic transcription
  - d- Transcription from a written text



کُد سری سؤال: یک (۱)

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استفاده از:

9- What are different realizations of a phoneme called?

a- segments      b- allophones      c- minimal pairs      d- syllable

10- How can we describe the initial sound of *form*?a- Plosive, voiceless, labial      b- Fricative, voiced, palatal  
c- Fricative, voiceless, labiodental      d- Fricative, voiced, labiodental

11- What do affricates begin and end with, respectively?

a- plosive / fricative      b- fricative/ semivowel  
c- fricative / plosive      d- semivowel / fricative

12- What do the soft palate do in the production of nasals?

a- Comes up.      b- Doesn't change.      c- Moves up.      d- Comes down.

13- What is the smallest unit of meaning or grammar called?

a- segment      b- phoneme      c- morpheme      d- allophone

14- What sounds are phonologically like consonants but phonetically like vowels?

a- diphthongs      b- somivowds      c- glides      d- triphthongs

15- What is the base form of a verb which cannot be further analyzed called?

a- root      b- stem      c- affix      d- suffix

16- What does a syllable consists of?

a- onset, coda      b- coda, rhyme      c- onset, rhyme      d- peak, onset

17- What is the study of the possible phoneme combinations of a language called?

a- phonetics      b- phonology      c- morphology      d- phonotactics

18- What do we call a syllable which has no final consonant?

a- mono syllable      b- poly syllable      c- zero coda      d- zero onset

19- Which pronunciation is correct?

a- /æb'strækt/ adj, /'æbstrækt/ verb  
b- /'æbstrækt/ adj, /æb'strækt/ verb  
c- /æb'stræct/ adj, /'æbstræct/ verb  
d- /'æbstræct/ adj, /æb'stræct/ verb



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مجاز است.

استفاده از:

20- Which of the following are among function words?

a- main verbs      b- auxiliary verbs      c- adjectives      d- adverbs

21- Regarding the phrases, "my turn", /mai tʃ:n/, the m and n sounds are said to be in a position of .....a- close juncture      b- external open juncture  
c- regressive assimilation      d- moving tone

22- How many tonic syllables are there in each simple tone-unite?

a- one      b- none      c- two      d- three

23- How or where is the three-consonant cluster *zbf* used?a- It is seldom used at the beginning of English words.  
b- It is used at the end of English words.  
c- It is not used at the beginning or the end of English words.  
d- It is frequently used at the beginning of English words.

24- Which property does the first syllable of the verbs "arrive, assist and attract" have?

a- It is stressed.      b- It is strong.      c- It is weak.      d- It has a coda.

25- Under which title does the study of pitch and intonation go?

a- Stylistics      b- Rhythmic  
c- Segmental phonology      d- Suprasegmentals phonology

26- Where do English compounds usually carry their stress?

a- Their first element.      b- Their basic element.  
c- Their last element.      d- Their peripheral element.

27- What effect do the fortis fricatives have?

a- The effect of omitting a preceding vowel.  
b- The effect of lengthening a preceding vowel.  
c- The effect of assimilating with a preceding vowel.  
d- The effect of shortening a preceding vowel.

28- Phonology deals with the ..... side of the sounds of language.

a- abstract      b- concrete      c- material      d- physical

29- What kind of vowel sound is there in "book"?

a- front      b- back      c- central      d- spread

30- What is defined as the relative strength of a syllable?

a- intonation      b- junecture      c- stress      d- tone