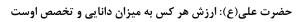
كارشناسي





سری سوال : یک ۱	ن (دقیقه): تستی : ۷۵٪ تشریحی: .	آزمور	ى: ٠ زمان	داد سوالات: تستی : 30٪ تشریح ر		
			فتصادومديريت	نــــوان درس : زبان تخصصی ان		
نی),مدیریت بازرگانی (چندبخشی))چندبخشی,مدیریت دولتی (چندبخش	نظرى	اری (چندبخشی),علوم اقتصادی (شته تحصیلی/کد درس : حسابد		
	ردی (چندبخشی)۱۲۱۲۱۷۴(هانگر	ت صنعتی (چندبخشی),مدیریت ج	مديريت		
1-If the resources, goods, and services are distributed according to the economy's highest valued uses, a(n)is efficient.						
1. assumption	^{2.} prediction	3.	allocation	^{4.} saving		
2-The branch of economics that studies the entire economy, topics as aggregate production, unemployment, inflation and business cycles is called						
1. macroeconomics		2.	microeconomics			
3. normative economics		4.	positive economics			
3-In economics, we assume that people do not intentionally make decisions that will leave them worse off. This is known as the						
1. rationality assumption	1	2.	self satisfactin			
3. ceteris parisbus		4.	behavioral economics			
4-A special sort of human e and organizing productio		k of	bringing labor, capital	and land together		
1. consumption		2.	entrepreneurship			
3. normative economics		4.	human behavior			
5-Which one is the most ba	asic concept in all of econo	omi	cs?			
1. low income	^{2.} scarcity	3.	resources	4. opportunity cost		
6-If a nation experiences ed	conomic growth, the		curve will move outw	vard.		
1. trade-off		2.	opportunity			
3. cost		4.	production possibility			
7-Two goods aredemand for the other.	when a change in	pri	ce of one causes an opp	oosite shift in the		
1. complements	^{2.} substitudes	3.	commodity	^{4.} available		
8-We havewhen a given level of inputs is used to produce the maximum output poissible.						
1. efficiency	^{2.} failure	3.	trouble	^{4.} competition		
9- Which one is <u>not</u> an exan	nple of a public good?					
1. national defence		2.	police protection			
^{3.} automobile		4.	highway			



سری سوال : یک ۱	، (دقیقه): تستی: ۷۵٪ تشریحی: ۰	: ٠ زمان آزمون	عداد سوالات: تستى: 30٪ تشريحى			
		نصادومديريت	عنــــوان درس : زبان تخصصی اقا			
ی),مدیریت بازرگانی (چندبخشی)چندبخشی,مدیریت دولتی (چندبخش	ی (چندبخشی),علوم اقتصادی (نظری	ِشته تحصیلی/کد درس : حسابدار			
	دی (چندبخشی)۱۲۱۲۱۷۴(صنعتی (چندبخشی),مدیریت جهانگر	مديريت			
10-Unemployement resulting from a poor match of workers¢ abilities and skills with current requirements of employers is unemployment.						
1. seasonal	^{2.} cyclical	^{3.} frictional	^{4.} structural			
11-The real rate of interest therate of		rate of interest m	inus			
1. real, anticipated		2. nominal, anticipated				
^{3.} real, unanticipated		4. nominal, unanticipate	ed			
12-An individual who used for a job is	to work full-time but left	the labor force and has no	w reentered it looking			
1. job loser	2. reentrant	^{3.} debter	4. new entrant			
13-When we compute GDP by adding up all Rial value at current market prices of all final goods and services, we have used the approach.						
 psychological 	^{2.} behavioral	^{3.} social	^{4.} expenditure			
14-Which one is any use of	today¢s resources to expa	and tomorrow's production	or consumption?			
 Gross private domest 	ic investment	^{2.} Investment				
3. Capital goods	ile investment	4. Fixed Investment				
15-Consumer goods that ha	ive a life span of more tha	n three years are	goods.			
1. intermediate	2. nondurable	^{3.} durable	4. final			
16-An official institution that serves as a country¢s treasury's bank is called						
1. private bank	^{2.} central bank	3. public bank	^{4.} save bank			
17-Which one is one of the	most important function	of money?				
1. medium of exchange		^{2.} unit of accounting				
3. store of value		4. standard of deferred	payment			
18-A business owened by o is legally responsible for	ne individual who makes the debts of the firm is		eives all the profits and			
1. revenue	^{2.} corporation	^{3.} partnership	^{4.} proprietorship			
19-Which one is designed to show a business entitys financial position-what it owns and what it owes-on a particular date?						
1. Income Statement		2. Statement of owner¢	s equity			
3. Balance sheet		4. Company¢s revenues				

= نیمسال دوم ۹۱-۱۳۹۰

= صفحه 2 از 3 =



سری سوال : یک ۱	دقیقه): تستی: ۷۵٪ تشریحی: ۰	زمان آزمون (داد سوالات: تستى : 30٪ تشريحى: ٠				
),مدیریت بازرگانی (چندبخشی	چندبخشی,مدیریت دولتی (چندبخشی ن (چندبخشی)۱۲۱۲۱۷۴.(
20-The money that a government or organization receives from people is called							
1. _{rent}	^{2.} surplus	^{3.} salary	^{4.} revenue				
21-Theprinciple specifies that assets acquired by a business entity are to be recorded at the exchange price paid for them.							
1. cost	^{2.} objectivity	3. business entity	4. going concern				
22-We call a person whose job is to keep or check financial accounts as							
1. salesman	^{2.} employee	3. accountant	^{4.} clerk				
23-Which one is <u>not</u> the subject matter of management?							
1. planning		^{2.} controlling					
^{3.} directing		^{4.} political election					
24-A situation in which supply and demand are matched and prices stable is called equilibrium.							
1. تورم	بحران 2.	3. تعادل	دارایی 4.				
25-We refer to an ordered	l list of times at which thir	ngs are planned to occur a	as <u>schedule</u> .				
فهرست قيمتها 1.	جدول برنامه ها 2.	3. نقشه راهها	ميزان درامدها 4.				
26-A price system allows all resources to move from lower- valued uses to higher-valued via voluntary exchange."Via"means							
1. _{به دلیل}	علاوه بر 2۰	ازطريق .3	4. لهنت هن				
27-Before money was used, transactions took place by means of barter."barter"means							
1 . _{چک}	ترازنا _{مه} .2	3. _{سرمایه}	4. تهاتر				
28-When a country or organization has ability to pay back its debts, it has solvency.							
توانایی پرداخت دیون .1	برداشت پول از حساب 2.	از کاراخراج شده 3.	تورم پیش بینی شده 4.				
29-Management as a subject is dynamic.This <u>approach</u> is very close to the practice of management."Approach"means							
ا _{عتبار} .1	2. بهره	3. _{رویکرد}	انگیزه .4				
30-A legal document containing an agreement or contract is called deed."deed"means							
1. _{سند}	2. ضميمه	3. ثبت	اجرت ^{.4}				