



سری سوال : یک ۱

زمان آزمون (دقیقه): تستی: ۷۵ تشریحی: ۰

تعداد سوالات: تستی: ۲۹ تشریحی: ۰

عنوان درس: آواشناسی انگلیسی

رشته تحصیلی/کد درس: مترجمی زبان انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۰۷۵ - زبان و ادبیات انگلیسی ۱۲۱۲۱۲۴

11- which statement is **TRUE**?

1. all sequences of plosives plus fricatives are called affricate
2. all sequences of plosives plus fricatives are called a single phoneme
3. all sequences of non-homorganic plosives plus fricatives are called affricate
4. all sequences of homorganic plosives plus fricatives would count as affricate

12-The fricatives are said to be articulated with greater force than fricatives.

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|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. fortis-lenis | 2. lenis-fortis |
| 3. labiodental-dental | 4. dental-labiodental |

13- which pair of sounds has the same place of articulation?

- | | | | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 1. [f, p] | 2. [j, l] | 3. [z, s] | 4. [k, p] |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|

14-The initial sound of the word "thumb" is described as

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|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1. voiceless dental fricative | 2. voiced dental fricative |
| 3. voiced labiodental fricative | 4. voiceless labiodental fricative |

15-Phonetically is a voiceless vowel with the quality of the voiced vowel that follows it.

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|------|------|------|------|
| 1. a | 2. e | 3. h | 4. w |
|------|------|------|------|

16-Which of the following words starts with a palato-alveolar sound?

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|--------|-----------|---------|-----------|
| 1. cat | 2. search | 3. that | 4. church |
|--------|-----------|---------|-----------|

17-In which word does the second consonant become devoiced?

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|----------|---------|---------|---------|
| 1. break | 2. draw | 3. tray | 4. very |
|----------|---------|---------|---------|

18-Which sound has a different place of articulation?

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|------|------|------|------|
| 1. ŋ | 2. k | 3. g | 4. j |
|------|------|------|------|

19-Which phoneme does **NOT** occur in initial positions in English words?

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|------|------|------|------|
| 1. j | 2. m | 3. l | 4. ŋ |
|------|------|------|------|

20- which statement is **TRUE**?

1. the velar nasal consonant is phonetically simple but phonologically complex.
2. the velar nasal consonant is phonologically simple but phonetically complex.
3. the velar nasal consonant is not a single phoneme.
4. the velar nasal consonant occurs in all contexts in English words.



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21- In the word "ought" the syllable

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|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. has one onset and no coda | 2. has no onset but has a coda |
| 3. has a syllabic consonant | 4. is a minimum syllable |

22- Which consonant can NOT stand as the peak of the syllable?

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|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 1. [m] | 2. [j] | 3. [r] | 4. [l] |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|

23- Which of the following groups of factors produces prominence of stressed syllables?

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|---|---------------------------------------|
| 1. loudness, length, duration, pitch | 2. loudness, length, frequency, pitch |
| 3. loudness, length, vowel quality, pitch | 4. loudness, length, height, pitch |

24- Which statement is TRUE?

1. both weak and strong syllables are stressed
2. only strong syllables can be stressed
3. weak syllables have no peak
4. weak syllables are stressed

25- In which of the following compounds does the second element receive the stress?

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|-------------|-----------------|------------|------------|
| 1. suitcase | 2. bad-tempered | 3. tea-cup | 4. sunrise |
|-------------|-----------------|------------|------------|

26- In their form, auxiliaries never have the weak pronunciation.

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|---------------|----------|-------------|-------------|
| 1. contracted | 2. usual | 3. question | 4. negative |
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27- Adopting the one-phoneme analysis, how many phonemes does the word "church" have?

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| 1. five | 2. three | 3. four | 4. six |
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28- The features [+plosive, +alveolar, +lenis] describe the phoneme

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|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 1. [t] | 2. [k] | 3. [d] | 4. [f] |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|

29- The begins with a stressed syllable and includes all the following unstressed syllables.

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|---------|----------|-----------|---------|
| 1. foot | 2. rhyme | 3. rhythm | 4. tone |
|---------|----------|-----------|---------|